

# Algebra 1

Chapter 11

Section 11-4

Simplify by adding or subtracting.

$$\frac{2}{5} + \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{5}{5}$$

$$1$$

$$\frac{2}{2} \cdot \frac{3}{10} - \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{5}{5}$$

LCM: 20

$$\frac{6}{20} - \frac{5}{20}$$

$$\frac{1}{20}$$

Simplify by adding or subtracting.

$$\frac{13}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{2x^2}$$

$$\frac{2x}{4+x} + \frac{21}{x+4}$$

$$\frac{12}{2x^2}$$

GCF: 2

$$\frac{6}{x^2}$$

$$\frac{2x+21}{x+4}$$

Add or subtract. Then simplify.

$$\frac{3}{3} \cdot \frac{2x-1}{2x} - \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{2x}{2x}$$

$$\frac{6x-3}{6x} - \frac{4x}{6x}$$

$$\frac{2x-3}{6x}$$

$$\frac{2y-7}{y-3} + \frac{1}{y-3}$$

$$\frac{2y-6}{y-3}$$

$$\frac{2(\cancel{y-3})}{\cancel{y-3}}$$

$$2$$

$$4 \cdot \frac{m-1}{m-2} + \frac{(m-2)(m-2)}{4(m-2)}$$

$$\frac{\cancel{4m-4} + m^2 - \cancel{4m} + \cancel{4}}{4(m-2)}$$

$$\frac{m^2}{4(m-2)}$$

Find the LCM of each group.

$$12x, 4$$

$$12x$$

Product

GCF

$$\frac{12x \cdot 4}{4} = \frac{48x}{4} = 12x$$

$$8xy^3z^3, 10xz^2$$

$$\text{GCF: } 2xz^2$$

$$\frac{8xy^3z^3 \cdot 10xz^2}{2xz^2}$$

$$2xz^2$$

$$\frac{40 \cancel{8} 0x^{\cancel{3}} y^{\cancel{3}} z^{\cancel{3}}}{\cancel{1} \cancel{2} \cancel{z^2}}$$

$$40xy^3z^3$$

$$x+5, 9$$

$$9x+45$$

$$\text{or}$$

$$9(x+5)$$

Subtract.

$$\frac{x}{x^2 - 11x + 24} - \frac{8}{x^2 - 11x + 24}$$

$$= \frac{x-8}{x^2-11x+24} \rightarrow (x-3)(x-8)$$

add      mult

$$\frac{\cancel{x-8}}{(x-3)\cancel{(x-8)}}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{x-3}}$$

Add the expressions.

$$\frac{s-4}{s-2} + 9 \cdot \frac{s-2}{s-2}$$

$$\frac{s-4}{s-2} + \frac{9s-18}{s-2}$$

$$\frac{10s-22}{(s-2)} = \frac{2(5s-11)}{s-2}$$