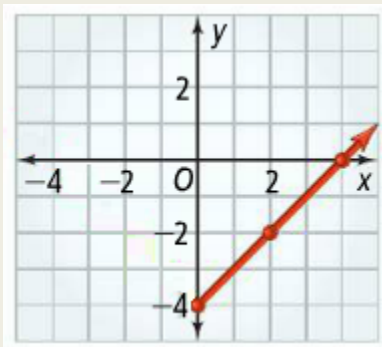


# Algebra 1

Chapter 5  
Section 5-3

## Slope Review

$$\text{slope} = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$



Line between (9, 3)  
and (-2, 6)

Line between (1, 8)  
and (7, 11)

# Slope Review

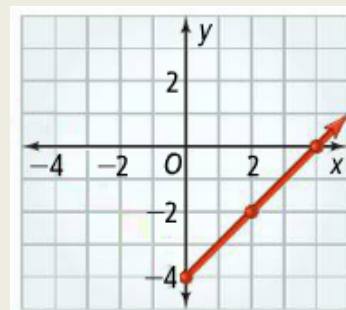
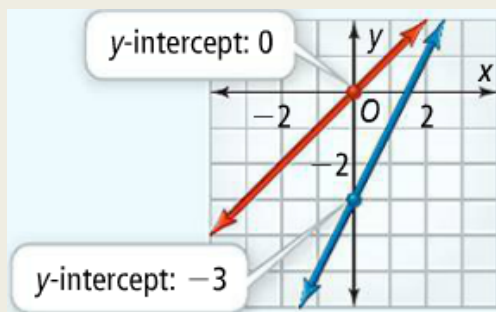
The Slope is the rate of change for the variables  $x$  and  $y$ .

*Slope:  $\frac{-3}{2}$*

x	0	2	4	6
y	11	8	5	2

# Y-Intercept

The y-intercept is the y-coordinate at which a line crosses the y-axis.



# Y-Intercept in Equations

What is the value of  $x$  at the  $y$ -axis?

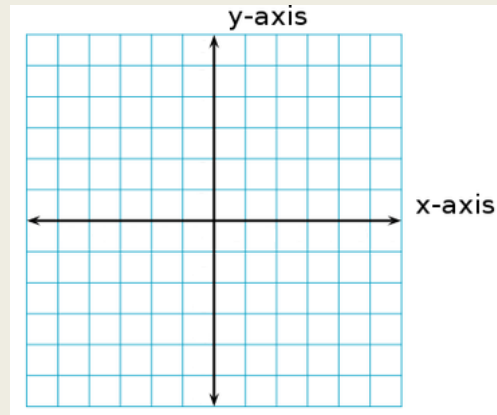
Find the  $y$ -intercepts:

$$y = 3x + 2$$

$$y = \frac{7}{4}x - 1$$

$$y = -3x + \frac{5}{9}$$

$$y = -x + 7$$



# Slope-Intercept Form

slope

$y$ -intercept

$$y = mx + b$$

$(x, y)$

set of ordered pairs

## Using the Formula

**Identify the slope and y-intercept:**

$$y = 3x - 4$$

$$y = -\frac{7}{11}x + 3$$

$$3y - 2x = 1$$

**Write an equation of a line with the following:**

y-intercept: -2, slope: 4

y-intercept:  $\frac{5}{2}$ , slope: 1

y-intercept: 12, slope: -3

## Finding an Equation of a Line

Find the equation for the line that contains points (2, 4) & (5, -2)

$y = mx + b$       **\*\*Find the slope**

$y = -2x + b$       **\*\*Plugged in the slope**

$4 = -2(2) + b$       **\*\*Plugged in one ordered pair**

$8 = b$       **\*\*Solve for b**

$$y = -2x + 8$$