

Algebra 1

Chapter 7
Section 7-1

Exponents

x	2^x	10^x
3	8	1000
2	4	100
1	2	10
0	1	1
-1	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{10}$
-2	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{100}$

Exponent Rules

For any non-zero number a taken to the zero power:

$$a^0 = 1$$

For any non-zero number a and positive number b :

$$a^{-b} = \frac{1}{a^b}$$

Simplifying Powers

$$4^{-3} = \frac{1}{4^3} = \frac{1}{64}$$

$$(-11)^{-2} = \frac{1}{11^2} = \frac{1}{121}$$

How does this differ from -11^{-2} ?

Simplifying Exponent Expressions

$$a^{-7} = \frac{1}{a^7}$$

$$2h^{-3}k^4 = \frac{2k^4}{h^3}$$

$$\frac{1}{rs^{-1}} = \frac{s}{r}$$

Evaluating Exponent Expressions

If $b = 3$, and $d = -2$ $d^{-4}b^0 = (-2)^{-4}(3)^0 = \frac{1}{16}$

If $v = 3$, and $w = 2$ $5v^{-3}w^2 = 5(3)^{-3}(2)^2 = \frac{20}{27}$

If $p = 3$, $s = -8$,
and $t = 10$ $\frac{t}{p^0s^{-1}} = \frac{10}{(3)^0(-8)^{-1}} = -80$